

The Bulletin's Circulation in Norwich is Double That of Any Other Paper, and Its Total Circulation is the Largest in Connecticut in Proportion to the City's Population

BRITISH AUXILIARY CRUISER TORPEDOED

By German Submarine Somewhere in Waters Surrounding the British Isles

BAYANO SINKS WITH NEARLY 200 OF CREW

Hardest Battle is Now Taking Place Between Russians and Germans in Poland, With the Teutons on the Offensive—Paris Asserts That the French Have Taken a Trench in Belgium—Of the Engagements in Progress on Austrian Territory Both Vienna and Petrograd Claim the Advantage—Russia is Expected Shortly to Bombard the Bosphorus Forts—Nothing New from Dardanelles.

Great Britain has lost another of her war vessels as a result of Germany's submarine blockade. The auxiliary cruiser Bayano, with a crew said to aggregate about 216 men, has been sunk somewhere in waters surrounding the British Isles by a hostile torpedo. It is believed that only 26 men survived the disaster and the British admiral believes the others on board the Bayano perished.

An official report says the German underwater boat got in its deadly work off the coast of Scotland, in the North channel, the gateway from the Atlantic into the Irish sea. The survivors having been landed at Ayr, Scotland, seems to give authority to this report.

Pierce struggles on land are proceeding in Belgium, France, North Poland and in Austria's territory in Galicia. Probably the hardest battling and that most resembling a great general engagement is taking place in Poland between the Germans and the Russians, the former continuing the prosecution of their vigorous offensive in the region of Serail and the vicinity of the Narw and in the vicinity of Praszynsk. In this latter region Petrograd asserts that the Germans again have been checked. Of the results of the engagements on Austria's territory further south, the reports are conflicting, both Petrograd and Vienna making claims to successes.

Paris asserts that the French have taken a trench near Lombardzkye, in Belgium; that the British have occupied Epinetz, near Armentieres and part of the German line at Piere; and that in Champagne, near Souain and on the heights of the Meuse trenches have been taken by the British, French and American troops. The British are expected to start shortly the bombardment of the Bosphorus forts in cooperation with the attempt of the allies to blow the forts in the Dardanelles to reach Constantinople.

BRITISH CRUISER BAYANO SUNK WHILE ON PATROL DUTY
200 Lives Lost—Eight Officers and Eleven Men Rescued.

London, March 12, 12.45 a. m.—The admiral announces the loss of the auxiliary cruiser Bayano while the vessel was engaged in patrol duty.

In his statement of the disaster, the admiral says: "On the eleventh of March, wreckage of the Bayano and bodies were discovered at various points along the coast of Scotland, and it was reported that the vessel had been sunk by an enemy torpedo."

"Eight officers and 18 men were rescued. It is feared that the remainder of the crew were lost."

"The captain of the Belfast steamer Castletown reports passing Thursday morning a quantity of wreckage and dead bodies floating in life belts. He attempted to search for possible survivors, but was prevented by the presence of an enemy submarine, which gave chase for twenty minutes."

The Belfast correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says the Bayano was torpedoed Thursday morning at 9 o'clock off Corsewall Point, Wigtownshire, Scotland, and that nearly 200 lives were lost, as the cruiser sank almost immediately. The vessel had a crew of about 216 men on board.

Wigtownshire is the southernmost county in Scotland. It lies on the north channel which leads into the Irish sea from the Atlantic.

The eighteen survivors of the Bayano were rescued by the Belfast steamer Balmerino. They were aboard on a raft. Another steamer picked up one of the Bayano's lifeboats, which was adrift an hour after the vessel was sunk.

BRITISH ARE FOLLOWING UP ADVANTAGE GAINED
Repulse Two Counter Attacks of Germans and Take 400 Prisoners.

Paris, March 12, via London, March 12, 12.05 a. m.—The war office tonight made public the following official communication: "To the east of Lombardzkye (Belgium) we have taken a German fort about 100 metres in front of our line of trenches."

"Three kilometres (1.86 miles) east of Armentieres (France) 9 miles northwest of Lille, the British troops have occupied the village of Epinetz. In the sector of Neuve Chapelle the progress of the British army has been followed up. After repulsing two strong counter attacks, several army towns of that part of the German line which was situated between the hamlet of Piere and the mill of the same name and captured about 400 prisoners, including five officers."

"In Champagne on Thursday evening we carried, in front of the ridge northeast of Meziery, several of the enemy's trenches and took some prisoners, including officers."

"On Friday we made some slight progress in the same region."

"Further west, parallel with the Tachere road (northeast of Souain) we have occupied several German trenches."

"On the heights of the Meuse parts

Cabled Paragrap

France Calls Out 10,000 or Recruits
Paris, March 12.—The chamber of deputies today passed a bill calling out 10,000 class of recruits. These recruits will not be sent to the front, however, until after the men of the older classes are utilized.

Finns Are Indignant.

Berlin, March 12 (by wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—Reports from Stockholm, Sweden, to the Overseas News Agency say that indignation prevails among the people of Finland because of the deportation to Siberia of Judge Svinmull, the president of the Finnish diet.

Sealing Steamers Caught in Ice.
St. Johns, N. F., March 12.—The sealing steamers Terra Nova, Erik, Diana and Viking, which were caught in the ice three days ago, were still held fast tonight. They are being carried south with the ice, but no immediate danger threatens and it is hoped that a favorable change of wind will open lanes through which they may escape.

DEATH COMES SUDDENLY TO
MRS. JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, SR.
Had Been an Invalid, but Had Improved of Late, and Death Was Unexpected.

Tarrytown, N. Y., March 12.—Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, wife of the richest man in the world, died suddenly today in her seventy-eighth year at the Rockefeller country home in Pocantico Hills. She had been an invalid for a year, but during the last few months her health had so improved that the vessel to make repairs. Information was refused, however, on the ground that to reveal it would be to bring them to New York. They were expected to arrive here tomorrow evening.

Mrs. E. Parness Prentice, one of Mrs. Rockefeller's two daughters, was summoned from New York, but failed to arrive before her mother's death. The other, Mrs. Harold Fowler McCormick, of Chicago, is in Switzerland recuperating from an illness. Her husband was to sail tomorrow to join her, but canceled his passage and came here at once.

Until the arrival of Mr. Rockefeller, funeral arrangements will be held in his home at 100 West 57th street, New York. The body will be taken to Cleveland, Ohio, where the Rockefeller family plot is located. It was thought that the Rockefeller house today that burial would take place in Cleveland, Ohio, where the Rockefeller family plot is located.

Notwithstanding this, the commander of the Elit Friedrich told reiterated that he intends to leave American waters as soon as possible.

"That I will not say," he replied: "but I know she has come here to stay until the end of the European war."

BERLIN ADMITS SLIGHT
GAIN FOR THE FRENCH.
Abandoned Trenches Because They Were Made Useless by Shell Fire.

Berlin, via London, March 12, 9.10 p. m.—Although the French reports for several weeks past have been claiming daily gains in the Champagne region, it is said in well informed quarters here that the total gains of the French during the entire battle have been insignificant, amounting to only about 100 metres (about 300 feet) at three different places.

Three positions were abandoned, it is said, because during the long struggle the trenches were destroyed by the shell fire and rendered useless. The three places are north of Le Mesnil, north of Beausjour and northeast of Beausjour.

During the battle from Feb. 17 to date, it is said, the Germans have regained possession of all other parts of the front where the French have attempted to breach the line. The Germans, moreover, are said to have gained ground at several places.

GERMAN CRUISER DRESDEN
ON COAST OF PATAGONIA.
Reported to Be in Hiding in One of the Numerous Creeks.

Victoria, B. C., March 12.—One of the allied warships, returning from the south end of South America, brings the report that it is generally believed about Cape Horn that the small German cruiser Dresden, the sole survivor of the fleet which was defeated by the British off the Falkland Islands, is hiding in one of the creeks which abound along the coast of Patagonia and Terra Del Fuego.

The Dresden has not been since the last Punta Arenas after the battle. Two British cruisers followed her, but she eluded them.

The British vessels seeking the Dresden have requested that sea planes be sent which, flying along the coast, could spy out the Dresden's hiding place.

SEVEN PLAYING
INTO ITALY'S HANDS.
Agrees to Make Territorial Concessions if Germany and Austria Win.

London, March 12.—Authoritative reports reaching The Hague from Berlin seem to indicate that Germany, with a view to securing Italy's neutrality, has induced Austria, despite vigorous opposition by Emperor Francis Joseph, to agree to make territorial concessions to Italy if Germany and Austria are victorious in the war.

It is understood, however, that although Italy has taken this tentative offer under consideration, no definite agreement has yet been reached. Italy's decision is anxiously awaited in all circles here.

The German imperial chancellor, Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg, according to Berlin reports, is visiting the German general headquarters at Meziery and it is therefore unlikely that he will make a speech before the reichstag committee.

Samuel Bowles Improves.
Springfield, Mass., March 12.—The condition of Samuel Bowles showed some improvement today and tonight hope is expressed for his full recovery, although he is still critically ill.

Zapata Occupies Mexican Capital

AN AMERICAN SHOT BY SOME OF HIS SOLDIERS

MOTIVE WAS REVENGE

American Killed Had Shot Two of Zapata's Men When They Tried to Loot His House on a Previous Visit

—Reparation Demanded.

Washington, March 12.—Encouraging advice telling of the relief of the food famine in Mexico City through the evacuation of the capital by the forces of General Obregon, the Carranza commander, were beclouded today by

What It Has Done For Others

Results are what count, whether it is marbles or advertising, and it is an old-time saying that the proof of the pudding comes through the eating.

It is a well-known fact that business has been going through a period of hardship. It has been referred to as paralyzed, and yet those who know the importance of advertising have not forsaken their best ally.

One instance of what a spirited campaign in advertising can do even in hard times is disclosed by a business man of the middlewest when he declares that despite the depression from the war he experienced a maximum gain in business of 70 per cent, over a flourishing trade in the same period the previous year. It was advertising that did it and he acknowledges it.

Another large concern makes the statement through its president that it did more business in 1914 than it did in 1913 and credit for it is given to the extra advertising that was done.

These business houses like others used the best advertising mediums. They went after the business and got it. It is just that kind of a service which The Bulletin furnishes in its territory. No business man should be without it. It is the most potent agency in its field and therefore the cheapest.

In the past week the following matter has appeared in its columns:

Bulletin	Telegram	Local	General	Total
Saturday, March 6.	94	168	968	1230
Monday, March 8.	90	140	254	484
Tuesday, March 9.	103	140	277	520
Wednesday, March 10.	105	118	222	445
Thursday, March 11.	86	119	256	461
Friday, March 12.	94	118	238	450
Totals	572	803	2215	3590

the news that on the entry of the Zapata troops John B. McManus, an American citizen, was murdered—shot down in his home, the door of which had been sealed with the coat of arms of the United States and over which flew the Stars and Stripes.

Demand for Swift Punishment.
Instant demand was made by the Brazilian minister on behalf of the American government for the punishment of the guilty of the crime. After a conference between President Wilson and his cabinet, Secretary Bryan telegraphed the Brazilian minister, approving of the action he had taken and adding a demand for reparation to the family of the victim.

The minister was instructed to insist on the early punishment of the offenders and to impress upon the post commander at Mexico City—General Salazar—the seriousness with which the American government viewed the occurrence.

Promises Demand Will Be Met.
The general—who is not the same Salazar nor a relative of the independent chief of the people, was cited in three cases of looting. Official reports said no disorders had occurred and the city was quiet when the last despatch, from the minister, was filed. It said the killing of McManus at first alarmed the foreigners, but when it became apparent that the attack on McManus was an isolated case, and that assurances had been given for the protection of foreigners generally, the tension was relieved.

The Brazilian minister reported at length in several despatches on the murder.

Revenge Motive for the Crime.
The motive for the crime, he explained, was undoubtedly revenge for the killing of two Zapata soldiers by McManus when their forces last left Mexico City. The minister said that when the Zapatas withdrew today that he was unloaded in one and one half days.

Captain Bowles said he dodged many mines in the English Channel and that when night came and he was thirty miles from Rotterdam he put out all the lights except the binnacle light on the bridge. "When seven miles from Rotterdam," he continued, "the pilot came aboard and was surprised to learn that I had not been stopped by a submarine. He said a Norwegian steamer had been stopped only two hours before by such a war craft."

No One Witnessed Shooting.
Previously the American had taken precautions to send his wife and family to the home of friends and no one, so far as is known, witnessed the shooting.

Retires From Geodetic Survey.
Washington, March 12.—Otto H. Tittman, superintendent of the United States coast and geodetic survey since 1900, retired from office today after forty-eight years of government service. He will be succeeded by Dr. E. Lester Hayes, now deputy commissioner of fisheries.

Samuel Bowles Improves.
Springfield, Mass., March 12.—The condition of Samuel Bowles showed some improvement today and tonight hope is expressed for his full recovery, although he is still critically ill.

Thaw Jury Locked Up for the Night

OUT FIVE HOURS WITHOUT REACHING VERDICT.

WERE INSTRUCTED ONCE

Thaw Himself Awaited Until Word Came from the Jury Room at 11.22—Court Recused Until 10 a. m. Today

—Thaw Taken Back to Tombs.

New York, March 12.—The jury sitting in the case of Harry Kendall Thaw and four co-defendants on trial charged with conspiracy, was locked up late tonight after it had deliberated for nearly five hours and failed to find

Condensed Telegrams

The Spanish Government prohibited the exportation of potash.

Governor Whitman's first boy was born in the Executive Mansion at Albany.

The widowed mother's pension bill passed the New York Senate unanimously.

Statistics on Swiss trade show improvements during the last few weeks due largely to orders from England.

Steady improvement in business during January and February was reported by the Postoffice Department.

Two memberships of the Chicago Board of Trade were sold at \$2,900, a reduction of \$100 from the last previous sale.

President Wilson gave a recess appointment to William A. Shelton as United States Marshal for western Missouri.

A jury in the United States District Court in Trenton found the Central Railroad of New Jersey guilty of rebating.

J. P. Morgan & Co. are forming an underwriting syndicate to offer \$10,000,000 Erie Railroad 5 per cent. one year notes.

The steamer Suriname, Buenos Ayres for Boston and New York, aground near Buenos Ayres, was lighted and floated.

All lead mines in St. Francois county, Mo., will resume operations in full March 16. Forty-five hundred employees are affected.

Fourteen persons were killed and nineteen injured when a landslide wrecked a passenger train on the Vigor-Arsene line in Spain.

The bill designed to prohibit men to hire out as "bit-the-nigger" doggers at amusement resorts failed to pass the New York Senate.

The Culebra Cut channel which was blocked by an earthslide on March 6 was reopened. Twenty-six ships were waiting to go through.

By order of the Governor-General of Belgium, compulsory school attendance by the children will be enforced henceforth.

The entire fire fighting force of Montreal was called out to fight a fire in callers, other than government officials for the next three weeks.

For a month, Government wireless inspectors have been searching for a secret high-powered wireless station believed to be in or around New York.

The Colorado house of representatives has passed a bill defining treason against the state and providing penalties of life imprisonment or death.

One million dollars will be expended by the State of Minnesota, in reclaiming 1,100,000 acres of land in Beltrami and adjoining counties this spring.

Lieut. Armori di Ordiano and three privates of the Italian army arrived at New York from Naples on the liner Anconite to buy cavalry and artillery horses.

After a "party" Ed. Strange walked through Grafton, Vt., with a sign saying "I contain two pints of pure rye whiskey and six bottles of beer" on his hat.

The steamer Madonna arrived at New York from Nice, France, bringing a train, Naples on the line, widow of Gen. G. B. McClellan, who died there.

The America steamer Vitalia, detained since February 20 at Falmouth, England, was released, and her cargo reloaded to the Netherlands Overseas Trust Co.

Suing the Erie railroad for \$25,000 for damage done to his wagon when it occurred in the street early today, Newark, faces a counter claim of \$100 for damaging the engine.

Secretary Daniels ordered the destroyers Drayton and McDougall from Guantanamo to join the gunboat Dolphin's watch on the interned liners in New York harbor.

A seven million dollar combine to be known as the Olympia Theatre Co., was formed in Boston to take over all independent vaudeville and movie houses in New England.

It was announced last night by the commission for relief in Belgium that Dr. Grier Hilben, president of Princeton University, has accepted the office of chairman of the New Jersey committee of the commission.

Malachi L. Jennings, a member of the Massachusetts ballot law commission, died suddenly at his home in West Roxbury. He was a well known attorney and was prominent in democratic politics.

Officers of the American-Hawaiian Line steamer Nevada, arriving at New York from Bremen, where she delivered a cargo of cotton, reported that on February 28 while in the North Sea homeward bound, they were closely inspected by a big German submarine.

The Kentucky railroad commission won a victory in the United States district court in Covington, Ky., when United States Judge Denison, acting as referee, ruled in favor of the railroad against the Louisville and Nashville railroad which sought to restrain the commission from enforcing its order reducing the charges on shipments of grain.

Venice, via London, March 12, 9.17 p. m.—Through the efforts of Frederico C. Penfield the American ambassador to Austria, the Austrian government has released Dr. Adolf Brodsky, an emigrant violinist who had been interned in Hungary for several months. Dr. Brodsky is a Russian subject. The ambassador has been besieged with appeals from the United States, Great Britain and Italy to obtain the release of the violinist.

New Mexico Auditor Censured.
Santa Fe, N. M., March 12.—Governor W. C. McDonald and Howell Barnes, traveling state auditor, were severely censured in the report of the legislative joint investigating committee presented today on the failure of the First State bank of Las Cruces.

Committed New Britain Murders

SLAYER OF FATHER ZEBRIA HELD AT WILMINGTON, DEL.

HIS PARTNER CONFESSED

Pair Are Now Held by Wilmington Authorities for Killing a Policeman in That City—Believed to Be Guilty of Brookline, Mass., Murder.

Wilmington, Del., March 12.—Bernard and Edward Zebria, according to Wilmington and Connecticut authorities, today confessed his connection with the murder of Rev. Joseph Zebria, a Lithuanian priest, at New Britain, Conn., and his holier-keeper on February 8. He named Peter Krakas, alias Melha, as the actual perpetrator of the crime and declared the priest had been killed because he had refused their demands for money.

Three Other Men With Them.
Three other men besides himself, Montvid said, had accompanied Krakas to Father Zebria's house on the night of the murder. The names of the other men were not made public.

Montvid said Krakas is in the workhouse here for the murder of Francis X. Tierney, a policeman, after a sensational pistol battle Saturday in which three other policemen and two citizens were injured. Krakas is alleged by the police to be feigning insanity and of the crime and declared that he had furnished a corroborator of Montvid's story.

Had Threatened Another Priest.
Montvid, according to the police, said that Krakas was known in New Britain as Kelson and declared that they had sent a threatening letter to another Lithuanian priest in New Britain after the Zebria murder. He declared that he had furnished the stationery and typewriter and that Krakas had written the letter. A typewriter, which, the prisoner said was the same one, was found in Montvid's room here.

Murder Planned in Saloon.
In his confession, according to the police, Montvid said the murder of Father Zebria was planned in a New Britain saloon and that the same night Krakas, Montvid and three other men left their boarding house and went to the priest's home on the east side, the confession states, as guard, while his companions entered the parochial residence through the front door. Half an hour later the priest appeared and Krakas, the confession goes on, said:

"Everything is done. I could not get any money and I killed him."

Montvid said that he and Krakas had left New Britain soon after the tragedy and did not meet again until Monday night last at Philadelphia. They came here the next day.

To Be Surrendered to Connecticut.
While giving the confession, the authorities said, Montvid became alarmed and urged them not to inform Philadelphia. They came here the next day.

Montvid is expected to be surrendered to the Connecticut authorities, who announced that they would take steps to secure his indictment for murder. Krakas will be placed on trial here next Monday for the murder of Policeman Tierney.

CHARGED WITH MURDER OF A YOUNG WOMAN
Proprietor of a Pharmacy at North Cambridge, Mass.

Cambridge, Mass., March 12.—Joseph St. Pierre, proprietor of a pharmacy at North Cambridge, and John Lehman of Somerville, were arrested today charged with the murder of an unidentified young woman who was found dead in the street early today and died later.

The police say their investigations indicate that the defendants met two women on the street early tonight and accompanied them to St. Pierre's store. One of the women, known to the police only as "Alice" is said to have returned to her home next morning and was known as "Esther." She was well dressed and wore a wedding ring.

An autopsy to determine whether drugs were taken by the woman has been ordered.

SIX HORSES BURNED IN FIRE AT HARTFORD
Early This Morning—Loss Is Estimated at \$30,000.

Hartford, Conn., March 13.—Six valuable horses, owned by Walter S. Woodfin, were burned to death in a fire that destroyed the stables in the western part of the city early this (Saturday) morning. C. Clark, the stablesman, said that two children, who slept on the second floor of the structure, were awakened by the stamping of the horses in their stalls. The fire had then made considerable headway and they had barely time to make their escape from the building.

The loss is estimated at \$30,000. The fire is supposed to have started from an overheated stove.

GUADALOUPE SUNK BY KRONPRINZ WILHELM.
Crew and 143 Passengers Arrives at Buenos Aires.

Buenos Aires, March 12.—The Diario announces that the British steamer Churchill arrived today at Pernambuco with the crew and 143 passengers of the French steamer Guadalupe. The Guadalupe was sunk near the Island of Fernando de Noronha in the South Atlantic, 125 miles off the east extremity of Brazil, to which country it belongs, by the German auxiliary cruiser Kronprinz Wilhelm. The Guadalupe sailed from Buenos Aires February 13 for Bordeaux.

Seamen's Home Opened at Hoboken.
Hoboken, N. J., March 12.—Chevalier Von Rappard, ambassador of the Netherlands to the United States, attended the opening of the Holland Seamen's home here today as the personal representative of Queen Wilhelmina. The minister said that the queen would give her personal attention to aiding the home and that she felt especially thankful to those who had undertaken the project.

Forest Fire Near Plainfield.
Plainfield, Conn., March 12.—A forest fire, supposed to be of incendiary origin, is burning over the Pine Hill district, west of this village. The fire started this morning and at a late hour tonight was still burning, fanned by a high wind. It is estimated that more than 200 acres have already been burned over. Fire Warden Mathewson, and a number of volunteers are fighting the blaze.

Movements of Steamships.
Naples, March 6.—Sailed, steamer Napoli, New York.

Liverpool, March 11.—Sailed, steamer Liverpool, New York.

New York, March 12.—Steamer Oscar II, Copenhagen for New York, sailed at noon. Dock 330 p. m. Saturday.

New York, March 12.—Arrived: Steamer Arabic, Liverpool.

February output of the Rand gold mines totaled 876,000 fine ounces.